

INDEPENDENT HYDRAULIC HEADER LIFT AND
FLOTATION SYSTEM

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application relates to utility patent application serial number filed on the same date as the instant application and entitled "Non-Independent Hydraulic Header Lift and Flotation System", attorney docket number 117545.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to harvesting machines of the type that require flotation systems for permitting their headers to ride lightly up and over rises in the terrain during field operation, and particularly to a hydraulic header lift and flotation system for such a machine that will provide the dual functions of header lift and flotation.

[0003] Header flotation systems typically use extension springs, either hydraulically or manually adjusted, bell cranks and other linkages to provide the desired function. The structure generally requires numerous components and large extension springs, and it is quite difficult to develop the mechanical components required to float the broad range of header sizes available—even requiring different tractors or frames having their own flotation systems designed to meet their own particular header weight requirements.

[0004] Some manufacturers are using an accumulator and hydraulic cylinders to perform the flotation function. These machines typically use separate hydraulic cylinders for the lift and flotation functions, and they lack the capability of independently adjusting the flotation force for each side of the

shock loading when raising the header in a less than fully raised position, improving the ride comfort for the operator and improving hydraulic and structural durability of the harvester.

[0011] It is yet another object of this invention to provide an improved hydraulic header lift and flotation system that is durable in construction, inexpensive of manufacture, carefree of maintenance, facile in assemblage, and simple and effective in use.

[0012] These and other objects are attained by providing a hydraulic lift/flotation system for the header of a crop harvesting machine. Each side of the header is supported by a single cylinder that performs both the flotation and lift functions. For even lifting and flotation of an unbalanced header, each cylinder has its own control valve, pump, and accumulator, i.e., the left and right systems are generally mirror images of each other. The operator sets the desired flotation force by actuating rocker switches; one switch position allows hydraulic oil to enter an accumulator to reduce header contact force with the ground. The other position allows oil to exit the accumulator to increase header contact force with the ground. To evenly float an unbalanced header, separate switches adjust each side independently. Once the flotation forces are set, the control valves will return to this preset flotation condition whenever float mode is selected, regardless of subsequent header lift and lower operations.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] The advantages of this invention will be apparent upon consideration of the following detailed disclosure of the invention, especially when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings wherein:

[0014] Fig. 1 is a partial side elevational view of a crop harvesting machine of the type with which the invention may be used, also showing a simplified side view of the lift and flotation system of the instant invention; and

[0015] Fig. 2 is a hydraulic schematic view of one embodiment of the hydraulic system of the instant invention; and

[0016] Fig. 3 is a schematic of the hydraulic, mechanical and electrical sub-systems that cooperate to produce the system of Figs. 1 and 2.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

[0017] Many of the fastening, connection, processes and other means and components utilized in this invention are widely known and used in the field of the invention described, and their exact nature or type is not necessary for an understanding and use of the invention by a person skilled in the art, and they will not therefore be discussed in significant detail. Also, any reference herein to the terms "left" or "right" are used as a matter of mere convenience, and are determined by standing at the rear of the machine facing in its normal direction of travel. Furthermore, the various components shown or described herein for any specific application of this invention can be varied or altered as anticipated by this invention and the practice of a specific application of any element may already be widely known or used in the art by persons skilled in the art and each will likewise not therefore be discussed in significant detail.

[0018] Fig. 1 shows the present invention utilized in connection with a self-propelled windrower 10; however, it will be appreciated that the principles of the present invention are not limited to a self-propelled windrower, or to any specific type of harvesting machine.

fixtures. A pair of fixed displacement pumps 36, 38 move the hydraulic fluid into respective subsystems 30, 32 from reservoir 40, through the various circuits as directed by control valves, to accumulators 42, 44, to hydraulic cylinders 24, 26 and back to reservoir 40 as appropriate.

[0023] Fig. 3 provides a more detailed depiction of the complete control system and subsystems. The left hand ("LH") and right hand ("RH") hydraulic systems, as shown also in Fig. 2, additionally depict the electrical control and mechanical subsystems. Importantly, this figure depicts the multi-channel programmable controller 50 which exchanges electrical signals from the LH and RH float switches 52, 54, the PWM (pulse width modulated) solenoids 56, 58, the unload/relief valves 60, 62, and other valves to manage the lift and flotation functions as established by the operator through the appropriate switches and shown on display 64.

[0024] In operation, each side of the header is supported by a single cylinder that performs both the flotation and lift functions. For even lifting and flotation of an unbalanced header, each cylinder has its own control valve, pump, and accumulator. The operator sets the desired flotation force by actuating rocker switches 52, 54 located on the operator's console. One switch position allows hydraulic oil to enter an accumulator (increasing the hydraulic pressure) which reduces the header contact force (flotation) with the ground. The other position allows oil to exit that accumulator (reducing the hydraulic pressure) which increases the header contact force with the ground. To evenly float unbalanced headers, there are separate switches to adjust each side independently. Once the flotation forces are set, the control valves will return to this preset flotation condition whenever the float mode is selected, irrespective of subsequent header lift and lower operations.

[0025] It will be understood that changes in the details, materials, steps and arrangements of parts which have been described and illustrated to explain the nature of the invention will occur to and may be made by those skilled in the art upon a reading of this disclosure within the principles and scope of the invention. The foregoing description illustrates the preferred embodiment of the invention; however, concepts, as based upon the description, may be employed in other embodiments without departing from the scope of the inventions. Accordingly, the following claims are intended to protect the invention broadly as well as in the specific form shown.